Country: SLOVAKIA	Author:		
	Actual implementation in the MS	Comments	Instructions for assessment/explanations
nte: 2024/06/18			
ENERAL			
Disclosure system implemented	YES		NO: No legislation and no system in place Almost in line: have a legislation in place but does not consider all elements required by the directive e.g. no environmental legislation YES: legislation in place + all elements disclosed
- Legislation	Act on Energy Act No. 251/2012		Please name the relevant regulations and provide an internet reference (preferably a version in English)
- When did the regulation(s) regarding disclosure come into force?	2019-01-01		Please name the date in which the regulation(s) came integrate force.
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	Slovak Trade Inspection (to be changed to RONI)> leave it open, after 2 weeks answer with RES law		Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed
RE-GO system implemented	Yes		NO : no secondary legislation and no system in place Almost inline : secondary legislation in place but no registry YES : Secondary legislation in place + registry
- Legislation	RES Act, Act No. 309/2009		Please name the relevant regulations and provide and internet reference
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	OKTE, a.s.		Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed
- Is the appointed Competent Body the only competent body in your domain for Gos (Who and When)?	YES		Please specify
CHP-GO system implemented	Yes		NO : no secondary legislation and no system in place Almost inline : secondary legislation in place but no registry YES : Secondary legislation in place + registry
- Legislation	RES Act, Act No. 309/2009		Please name the relevant regulations and provide and internet reference
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	OKTE, a.s.		Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed
- Is the appointed Competent Body the only competent body in your domain for Gos (Who and When)?	NO. SPP-D, a.s.for Gas GOs		Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed

ID	Implementation of the elements of the Directive Related to GOs		
Definiti			
	The sole function of a GO is the usage for disclosure purposes for final customers.	Yes	YES: in the Domain GO is defined as such (electronic energy certificate that meets the requirement of the RES Directive for RE-GO) NO: in the Domain GO is not defined as such NA: No RE-GO system in place
Implem	entation of Article 19 of the Directive		
	Have you fully implemented the requirements of Art. 19 of the RES- Directive?  If not, please specify the ones which you have not implemented yet.	Yes	
ID	RE-DISS BPR		
12th M	onth Rule		
1a	Metered production periods for issuing GOs are not longer than a calendar month.	Yes	NO: metered periods for issuing GOs are longer than a calendar year YES: If true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system
1b	Metered production periods for issuing GOs do not run across the start and end of disclosure periods.  Longer intervals up to one year are acceptable for very small plants, for example.	Yes	NO: Metered periods for issuing GO run across the start and end of disclosure periods. YES: If true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system
2	If possible, issuing of GOs is done DIRECTLY after the end of each production period (potential excemption PV)	Yes, EECS GOs under FIT are issued after 3 months from the end of production	NO: more than 6 months after the end of the production period Almost in line: between 3 and 6 months after the PP YES: within 3 months after the production period
3a	Lifetime of GO is limited to 12 months after the end of the production period.	Yes	NO: is not true YES: is true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system In the description section, please identify if this is true for other GO systems in place as well
3b	GOs that have reached this lifetime (and haven't been used for disclosure) are collected into the Residual Mix	Yes	NO: is not true YES: is true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system In the description section, please identify if this is true for other GO systems in place as well

Fo	Concellations of CO relating to production periods in a given year V	Yes	Answer is YES or NO
5a	Cancellations of GO relating to production periods in a given year X	res	Nota Bene : in case only RES GO is implemented only
	which take place until a given deadline in year X+1 count for		assess RES-GO system
	disclosure in year X. Later cancellations count for disclosure in year		Please provide details of the system in place in the
	X+1. (In case that disclosure periods differ from the calendar year,		Domain.
	the deadline is defined accordingly.)		
5b	Deadline is set on 31 March X+1	Yes	YES: Deadline is the stated one
			NO: Different Deadline  If other, Please state the deadline in the description
			column.
6	The same allocation rule applies for expired GO: The date of expiry		Answer is YES or NO"
	thus determines the disclosure period for which information from		Nota Bene : in case only RES GOs implemented only assess
	expired GO will be used.	Yes	RES-GO system
Usage o	The second secon		
7	The implementation of GO in all countries in Europe is based on the	Yes	NO : transfers of GOs between registries are not done
	European Energy Certificate System (EECS) operated by the		through EECS
	Association of Issuing Bodies (AIB). In case that national GO systems		YES: transfers of GOs between registries are done
	are established outside the EECS, then EECS is at least used for		through EECS
	, ,		
7-	transfers between registries.	No, Gas GO's are issued by SPPD	YES: If true
7a	Is the GO system in the country established exclusively according to	ino, das do s are issued by SPPD	Almost in Line: both national GO and EECS system
	EECS?		NO: if not true
7b	Does the domain utilise the AIB Hub for international transfers?	Almost in line, possibility to import national	Yes: If true
		GO's	Almost in Line: also use other systems for transfer of GO
			besides the AIB Hub
		Yes	No: if not true
8	In case that not all European countries are members of EECS,	res	NO: no procedure to assess reliability and accuracy of GO YES: procedures in place to assess reliability and accuracy
	appropriate connections between the EECS system and non-EECS		of GO
	members as well as between different non-EECS members are to be		
	established. These include inter alia procedures for assessing the		
	reliability and accuracy of the GO issued in a certain country and		
	interfaces for the electronic transfer of GO.		
9b	Ex-domain cancellations of GO, where a GO is cancelled in one	YES	NO : none of the two statements are true
1	registry and a proof of cancellation is then transferred to another		Almost in line : one of the statements is true
	country in order to be used there for disclosure purposes, are only		YES: Both statements are true  Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess
	used if there is no possibility for a secure electronic transfer and if		RES-GO system
	there is an agreement on such ex-domain cancellations between the		
	competent bodies involved. Statistical information on all ex-domain		
1	cancellations are be made available in order to support Residual Mix		
	calculations.		
	Calculations.		

Issuing (	of GOs for different energy sources and generation technologies		
10,1	GOs are issued only for the net generation of a power plant, i.e. gross generation minus the consumption of all auxiliaries related to the process of power production. For hydro power plants involving pumped storage this means that GOs are issued only for the net generation which can be attributed to natural inflow into the reservoir.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
10,2	Verification mechanisms are implemented for ongoing control of registered data (e.g.reaudits, random checks, etc.).	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
10,3	Correct accounting of RES share of combustion plants is assured by adequate measures (EECS Rules)	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
10,4	The competent body can correct errors in GOs it has issued before they are exported, and is the only one with this competence.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
11a	The GO system is extended beyond RES & cogeneration to all types of electricity generation.	Yes	NO : no extension YES : extension in place
11b	GOs are issued for all electricity production, unless an RTS applies for that production, e.g. for the disclosure of supported electricity	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
11c	The Competent body has made the use of GOs mandatory for all electricity supplied to final consumers (full disclosure implemented).	No	NO : If not true YES : If true
12,1	All types of GO are handled in one comprehensive registry system per country. (For an exception see the coexistence of national GO systems and EECS )	Yes	Almost in line: if more than one registry, but closely coordinated  YES: one comprehensive registry  NO: Different registries
12,2	Technical changes to plants are registered as soon as is reasonably practicable.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true

13,1	GOs have no function in terms of target compliance and should not be used as support instrument. All GOs are linked to disclosure.	Yes	YES: all GOs are linked to disclosure Almost in line: if at least RES GO system is linked with disclosure, but others not clearly NO: no GO system is linked to disclosure
13,2	A GO is considered as being used only once it has been electronically cancelled.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
13,3	After cancellation, no further cancellation, transfer or export of the given GO is possible	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
13,4	After expiry, no further cancellation, transfer or export of the given GO is possible	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
13,5	An exported GO is marked as removed from the exporting registry	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
13,6	Processes in the registry excludes duplication of GOs.	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
13,7	Registries are audited on a regular basis.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true
	If multiple certificates are to be issued, e.g. a GO for disclosure and a support certificate for management of a support system, then these are legally separated.	N/A	NO : not legally separated YES : legally seperated NA: no multiple certifcates
15 b	This GO combines the functionalities of a RES-GO and a high efficiency cogeneration GO.	YES	NO: the GO does not combine both informations (lost of one information).  YES: the GO combines both RES and CHP in one GO
16	GO as the unique "tracking certificate" GO is the only "tracking certificate" used. Any other tracking systems of a similar purpose and function as GO are closely coordinated with GO and eventually converted to GO.	Yes	YES: GO is the only tracking certificate Almost in line: coordination between GO and other certificate NO: no coordination between the 2 systems
17	Besides GO, only Reliable Tracking Systems (which may include contract based tracking) and the Residual Mix is available for usage for disclosure. No other tracking mechanisms are accepted.	Yes	YES: GO + RM or GO + RM + RTS NO: GO + other tracking system which is not a RTS + (RM)

18	Green power quality labels use GO as the unique tracking mechanism.	N/A	eithter YES or NO or NA if no green power label
	Recognition of GO imported from other countries		
20.a.	European countries choose one of the two following options and apply it consistently for all foreign GO:  Rejection of GOs only relates to the cancellation of GOs and subsequent use for disclosure purposes in the respective country and does not restrict the transfers of GOs between the registry of the considered country and the registries of their countries. This means that the decision about the recognition of a GO does not hinder its import into the considered country.  Rejection of GOs implies blocking their import to the national registry.	Yes	YES: If one of the options is applied NO: If none of the options is applied NA: no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation
20.b.	The choice of one or the other option is transparent for all market parties and clearly communicated.	N/A	YES: If true NO: If not true NA: no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation
21	Within the rules set by the respective Directives, European countries consider their criteria for the acceptance of imported GOs for purposes of disclosure.	Almost in line	NO : no rejection criteria YES : Rejection criteria have been listed Almost in line : Rejection criteria being discussed
	These criteria address imports at least from all EU member states, other members of the European Economic Area (EEA) and Switzerland. The parties to the Energy Community Treaty are considered as well, as soon as GO imports from these countries become relevant.	No	NO :criteria do not address imports of GO YES :criteria address imports of GO
	The criteria specify the electronic interfaces, data format and contents of GOs to be imported, which the respective country accepts for imports of GOs (such as the EECS Hub).	No	NO: criteria do not specify electronic interface, data format and contents of GO to be imported YES: criteria do specify electronic interface, data format and contents of GO to be imported
	Conditions for the recognition of GOs from other countries are that they were issued based on Art. 19 of Directive 2018/2001/EC or compatible national legislation, and that they meet the explicit requirements set in Art. 19, for example, regarding the information content of the GOs.	Yes	NO : If not true YES : If true

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	The recognition of GOs from other countries is rejected if these	Yes		NO : If not true
	countries have not implemented an electricity disclosure system.			YES : If true
	The recognition of GOs from other countries is rejected if the country which has issued the GOs or the country which is exporting the GOs have not implemented appropriate measures which effectively avoid double counting of the attributes represented by the GOs. Such appropriate measures ensure the exclusivity of the GOs for representing the attributes of the underlying electricity generation, implement clear rules for disclosure, establish a proper Residual Mix or equivalent measures, and ensure their actual use. Furthermore, the appropriate measures ensure that attributes of exported GOs are subtracted from the Residual Mix of the exporting country and cannot be used for disclosure at any time in the issuing or the exporting country by explicit mechanisms, unless the GOs are re-imported and cancelled there.			NO : If not true YES : If true Almost in line: if part of the measures are implemented
-· ·				
	re Schemes and other Reliable Tracking Systems	No		VCC or NO or Almost in line if only CO. or Ny-l
	Full disclosure schemes are implemented, including the disclosure of $\mathrm{CO}_2$ emissions and radioactive waste.			YES or NO or Almost in line if only CO <sub>2</sub> or Nuclear waste or other restriction (e.g. only provided on website and not with bills and information material) In the description column please specify: - If the answer is almost in line, please describe the attribute that is missing (or any other restriction) Please insert the energy sources (fuels) that have to the distinguished Also specify if certain attributes are allocated as "unknown" share in the fuel mix?
24	RTS (Reliable Tracking Systems) can comprise, where applicable:  - Homogeneous disclosure mixes for regulated market segments where no choice of supplier or different products exists,  - Support systems whose interaction with disclosure requires a certain allocation of the attributes of supported generation (e.g. a pro-rata allocation to all consumers in a country where RES electricity is supported by a feed-in tariff),  - Contract based tracking	NA		NA YES: if true Almost in line NO is not allowed
Calculat	ions of Residual Mixes			

25	Where a full-disclosure system has not been implemented in the country, the countries provide a Residual Mix (RM) as a default set of data for disclosure of energy volumes for which no attributes are available based on cancelled GO or based on other Reliable Tracking Systems. The use of uncorrected generation statistics (e.g. on national or UCTE, Nordel etc. levels) are avoided.	Yes	YES: proper RM calculation, or fully explicit tracking system applied based on GO and RTS Almost in line: default set of data avoiding double counting of RES attributes; or fully explicit tracking system applies, but not fully based on GO and RTS NO: No RM
26a	The calculation of the Residual Mix follows the methodology developed in the RE-DISS project and taken over by the AIB.	Yes	YES : use of RE-DISS European Residual mix or of RE-DISS national RM NO : no use of RE-DISS mixes
26b	The Competent body from my country cooperates with AIB in order to adjust the Residual Mix in reflection of cross-border transfers of physical energy, GO and RTS.	No	YES: if true (including e.g. Data collection of RE-DISS) NO: if not true
27	For purposes of this cross-border adjustment, the competent body uses data provided by RE-DISS. The comptent body also supports the collection of input data for the related calculations by the AIB (and it's consultant).	Almost in line	The focus is on the first part of the sentence YES: use of AIB RM data (RE-DISS methodology) Almost in line: use of EAM data (in case of deficit domains) NO: no use of AIB data NA: fully explicit disclosure system (without unknown shares)
28	As a default, the Residual Mix is calculated on a national level. However, in case that electricity markets of several countries are closely integrated (e.g. in the Nordic region), a regional approach to the Residual Mix may be taken. This should only be done after an agreement has been concluded amongst all countries in this region which ensures a coordinated usage of the regional Residual Mix.	N/A	YES: coordinated regional approach or national approach NO: uncoordinated regional approach or no RM NA
Contrac	t based tracking		
29	If contract based tracking (CBT) is allowed in a country, it is regulated clearly and declared in the domain protocol.	NA	YES: true or CBT accepted NO: not true Almost in line: CBT exists and efforts have been made to regulate it NA: CBT not allowed

30	Such regulations ensure that  - The rules of the tracking system are transparent and comprehensive and are clearly understood by all participants in the system.  - Double counting of attributes and loss of disclosure information is minimised within the contract based tracking scheme and also in the		YES : true NO : not true Almost in line : CBT exists and efforts have been made to regulate it NA : when CBT is not allowed
	interaction of the contract based tracking scheme to GO and other RTS (if applicable). As a precondition for this, the contract based tracking scheme is able to provide comprehensive statistics about the volumes and types of electricity attributes which are tracked through it.  - The relevant information for disclosure purposes is available in time to meet the timing requirements		
Timina	of Disclosure		
33	Electricity disclosure is based on calendar years.	Yes	YES or NO Almost in line: if calendar year + another period can be chosen (ex. Financial year) In the description column, if other period is used, please identify it: starting date-end date
34	The deadline for cancelling GO for purposes of disclosure in a given year X is 31 March of year X+1.	Yes	Yes: Deadline is the stated one No: Different Deadline If other, Please state the deadline in the description column.
<b>Further</b>	Recommendations on Disclosure		
36	The relation between support schemes for RES & cogeneration on the one side and GO and disclosure schemes on the other side are clarified. Where necessary, the support schemes should be defined as RTS	Almost in line	YES: clear allocation of supported attributes NO: no clear allocation of supported attributes Almost in line: not allowed NA: No legislation In the description column please describe how supported energy is allocated to consumers in terms of disclosure.
37	If support schemes are using transferable certificates, then these certificates are separated from GO	N/A	NO : not legally separated YES : legally seperated NA: no multiple certifcates

38	All electricity products offered by suppliers with claims regarding the origin of the energy (e.g. green or low-carbon power) are based exclusively on cancelled GO. No other tracking systems are allowed, with the exception of mechanisms defined by law, e.g. a pro-rata allocation of generation attributes to all consumers which is related to a support scheme.	Yes	YES: only GOs accepted for green products NO: other TS accepted for green products NA: no green products on the market Almost in line: not allowed
39 a	As required by Annex I of the IEM Directive 2019/944/EC annual disclosure of the supplier mix on or with the bill is mandatory. This also includes information on environmental impacts.	Yes	NO :annual disclosure of supplier mix is not mandatory on or with the energy bill and it does not include information on environmental parameters.  YES :annual disclosure of supplier mix is mandatory on or with the energy bill and it does include information on environmental parameters  Almost in line: annual disclosure of supplier mix is mandatory on or with the energy bill but it does not include information on environmental parameters  NA: no disclosure system in place
39.b	Suppliers offering two or more products which are differentiated regarding the origin of the energy are required to give product-related disclosure information to all their customers, including those which are buying the "default" remaining product of the supplier.	Yes	YES or NO NA: no green products on the market Almost in line: only product mix is disclosed, but not the (mandatory) supplier mix
40	There are clear rules for the claims which suppliers of e.g. green power can make towards their consumers. There are rules on how the "additionality" of such products can be measured (the effect which the product has on actually reducing the environmental impact of power generation), and suppliers are required to provide to consumers the rating of each product based on these rules.	No	YES : clear rules on green products NO : no clear rules NA : no green products on the market Almost in line : not allowed
41	Claims made by suppliers and consumers of green or other low- carbon energy relating to carbon emissions or carbon reductions are regulated clearly. These regulations avoid double counting of low- carbon energy in such claims. A decision is taken whether such claims should adequately reflect whether the energy purchased was "additional" or not.		YES : clear rules on green products NO : no clear rules NA : no green products on the market Almost in line : not allowed

42	In case that suppliers are serving final consumers in several countries rules are developed and implemented consistently in the countries involved on whether the company disclosure mix of these suppliers relates to all consumers or only to those in a single country.	No	For most countries Not Known (NK) applies if information cannot be found YES: clear rules on level of disclosure NO: known practices of international disclosure by suppliers Almost in line: some progress has been made NA: not allowed
43	The following recommendations are followed with respect to the relation of disclosure to cooperation mechanisms (Art 9 - 13 of Directive 2018/2001/EC):		
	a) If EU MS or MS or any other country agree on Joint Projects, such agreements also clarify the allocation of atributes (via GO, RTS or Residual Mix) issued from the respective power plants	NA	YES: If agreements for Joint Projects clarify the allocation of attributes  NO: If the proposal is not true  NA: No joint projects
	b) If EU MS agree on Joint Support Schemes, such agreements clarify the allocation of atributes (via GO, RTS or Residual Mix) issued from the power plants supported under these schemes	NA	YES: If agreements for Joint Support Schemes clarify the allocation of attributes  NO: If the proposal is not true  NA: No joint projects

mation on the Recognition of GO				
Extra questions on recognition of GO			Instructions for assessment/explanations	
Does the Domain treat imported GO as national GO when it comes to			NO: It treats imported GO differently from national issue	
disclosure? If so, please specify.			GO in disclosure (for example: has criteria for accepting	
ansones are rigides operagy.			imported GO).	
			YES: treats them equally	
	Yes		"Almost in line" is not possible	
Does the Domain have criteria in place for accepting foreign GO for			YES : criteria in place	
disclosure?			NO : no criteria in place	
			"Almost in line" is not possible	
	NA		NA : no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation	

- If yes, please specify the criteria which are in place	Please state which crietria of Art. 15 (6) RES Directive are
	implemented:
	Electronic database in place
	One competent body appointed by law
	all GOs linked to disclosure
	CO $_2$ emissions and radioactive waste included in
	disclosure display
	transparent publication of disclosure information
	others, please specify
Since when do you have these criteria in place?	Please specify
Are the criteria transparently published in your country?	Please specify and indicate where those are published. If
, , , , ,	electronically please provide a link.

## Information on Environmental Parameters

What are the data basis for disclosing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and radioactive waste when using GOs or other Reliable Tracking Systems for disclosing specific supplier mixes?

Please describe how it is done in the Domain

Data is fed from the calculation of the RM calculation.

## Information on Disclosure aspects

Extra questions regarding the provision of disclosure information on a disclosure statement towards end consumers		Instructions for assessment/explanations
Are there any regulations on graphical display of disclosure		
information by suppliers (requirements on how to display, fixed		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
format of disclosure statement,)	No	website/regulation.
Is there a requirement to provide comparison values besides supplier		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
and product mix? If so, which one (e.g. national production mix)	No	website/regulation.
Is disclosure information somehow controlled by an official or		
independent institution? By whom? If so, is it audited or approved or		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
calculated by that body?	Almost in line	website/regulation.
Is disclosure information of different suppliers centrally available (e.g.		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
at the Competent Body, on a central website)?	No	website/regulation.
Is there an official regulation on communication of aspects related to		
additionality or ecological quality aspects together with disclosure?		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
Please describe.	N/A	website/regulation.
Is there a specific regulation on disclosure of (high-efficient) CHP in		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
your domain?	No	website/regulation.